## The Nashville Numbering System - Chord Progressions Using 1, 4, 5

Tony Anthonisen – <u>tcuker@icloud.com</u> - <u>www.TCUkeClub.com</u>

Many songs use chords in some combination of 1, 4 and 5. Here is a table that shows the 1, 4 and 5 chords for different keys. The "1" column lists the key. In virtually all bluegrass, old time, and folk songs, you can use the 7th chord in place of a major chord when it is in the 5 position (e.g. G<sup>7</sup> instead of G)

1 = Root	2	3	4	5 or	<b>5</b> <sup>7</sup>	6	7	8
С	D	Е	F	G or	G <sup>7</sup>	Α	В	С
A			D	E or	<b>E</b> <sup>7</sup>			
G			С	D or	D <sup>7</sup>			
E			A	B or	B <sup>7</sup>			
D			G	A or	<b>A</b> <sup>7</sup>			
F			Bb	C or	<b>C</b> <sup>7</sup>			